

1. $(i-1)$ 列加到第 i 列 $i = \overset{\curvearrowright}{n}, n-1, \dots, 2$

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} (1+2+\dots+n) & (2+3+\dots+n) & \dots & n \\ 0 & -1 & & \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & & -(n-1) \end{vmatrix} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \cdot (-1) \dots -(n-1) \\ = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{2} \cdot (n+1)!$$

2. 全部加到 1st

逐差 \leftarrow 求和

$$|A| = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} n & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ n-1 & n & & \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 2 & 3 & & n \end{vmatrix} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ n & 1-n & & 1 \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 2 & & & 1-n \end{vmatrix}$$

! 横着看.

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \cdot (-1)^{n-1} \cdot n^{n-2} \\ = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{2} (n+1) n^{n-1}$$

* 若直接逐差:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ n & 1-n & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \\ 2 & & & & 1-n \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ n-1 & -n & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ n-2 & 0 & -n & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & & -n \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 & \dots & -1 \\ 0 & -n & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & -n \end{vmatrix} \\ = (-1) \cdot (-n)^{n-2}$$

3.

(1)

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 - \sum_{i=2}^n \frac{b_i c_i}{a_i} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ c_2 & a_2 & & \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ c_n & & & a_n \end{vmatrix} = \left(a_1 - \sum_{i=2}^n \frac{b_i c_i}{a_i} \right) a_2 a_3 \dots a_n = \prod_{i=1}^n a_i - \sum_{i=2}^n \left(\prod_{j=1}^n a_j \right) \frac{b_i c_i}{a_i}$$

逐差 1st row:

(2)

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ b_2 a_1 & a_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ b_n a_1 & 0 & \dots & a_n \end{vmatrix} = \left(a_1 - \sum_{i=2}^n \frac{b_i (b_i - a_i)}{a_i} \right) a_2 a_3 \dots a_n$$

4. 1st row + 2nd row:

$$(a+b+c) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a+b+c)(a-b)(a-c)(b-c) = 0$$

5. 右 (便算系数):
左 (S.O.D.O. - 3)

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & \dots & 1 \\ x_1 & & x_n \\ x_1^2 & & x_n^2 \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ x_1^{n-1} & & x_n^{n-1} \\ x_1^n & & x_n^n \end{vmatrix} = \prod_{i=1}^n x_i \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_i - x_j) = \dots + A_{n1} x_1^{n-1} + \dots$$

$\Rightarrow |D| = M_{n1} = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i \right) \left(\prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_i - x_j) \right)$

6. (1) ①

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a_1 b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ 0 & 1+a_1 b_1 & a_1 b_2 & \dots & a_1 b_n \\ 0 & a_2 b_1 & a_2 b_2 & \dots & a_2 b_n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ 0 & a_n b_1 & a_n b_2 & \dots & 1+a_n b_n \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \\ -a_1 & 1 & & & \\ -a_2 & & 1 & & \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \\ -a_n & & & & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

recurl: $\prod_{i=1}^n a_i - \sum_{i=2}^n \frac{\prod_{j=2}^n a_j b_i c_i}{a_i} = 1 - \sum_{i=1}^n (-a_i) b_i = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i$

② $A_{n \times k} B_{k \times n} \rightarrow (AB)_{n \times n} \quad |E_n - AB| = |E_k - BA|$
 $(BA)_{k \times k}$
 if $n \gg k$. 降阶法.

proof: $\begin{vmatrix} E_k & B_{k \times n} \\ A_{n \times k} & E_n \end{vmatrix} \stackrel{2nd \text{ row} - A \times 1st \text{ row}}{=} \begin{vmatrix} E_k & B_{k \times n} \\ 0 & E_n - AB \end{vmatrix} = |E_n - AB|$

+ row - B x 2nd row $\begin{vmatrix} E_k - BA & 0 \\ A_{n \times k} & E_n \end{vmatrix} = |E_k - BA|$

$$|A| = |E_n \oplus \begin{pmatrix} -a_1 \\ -a_2 \\ \vdots \\ -a_n \end{pmatrix} (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n)| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & 1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & 1 \end{vmatrix} - (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) \begin{pmatrix} -a_1 \\ -a_2 \\ \vdots \\ -a_n \end{pmatrix} = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i$$

(2) $|A| = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & 1 & & \\ a_2 & & 1 & \\ \vdots & & & \ddots \\ a_n & & & 1 \end{vmatrix} (b_1 \ b_2 \ \dots \ b_n) - E_n = (-1)^n \begin{vmatrix} E_n & \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{pmatrix} & E_n \end{vmatrix}$
 $= (-1)^n \begin{vmatrix} E_2 & (b_1 \ \dots \ b_n) \\ \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} & E_2 \end{vmatrix}$
 $= (-1)^n \begin{vmatrix} E_2 & \begin{pmatrix} \sum a_i b_i & \sum a_i b_i \\ \sum a_i & n \end{pmatrix} \end{vmatrix} = \dots$

$$7. (1) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 \\ 2 & 8 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\times 100 \\ \times 10}} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 & 221 \\ 2 & 3 & 238 \\ 2 & 8 & 289 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2) \begin{vmatrix} 22 & 1 & 2 \\ 23 & 8 & 3 \\ 28 & 9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\times 10 \\ \times 100}} = \begin{vmatrix} 22 & 221 & ? \\ 23 & 238 & ? \\ 28 & 289 & ? \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(3) \Delta \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 \\ 8 & 2 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\times 100 \\ \times 10}} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 & 221 \\ 2 & 3 & 238 \\ 8 & 2 & 829 \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow 17 \times 829$$

$$(4) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 8 & 2 & 3 \\ 9 & 2 & 8 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\times 100 \\ \times 10}} = \begin{vmatrix} 221 & \dots & \dots \\ 238 & \dots & \dots \\ 289 & \dots & \dots \end{vmatrix}$$

8. $|A| = \sum (\pm) a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \dots a_{ni_n}$
 n 阶 $\rightarrow \binom{n}{2} n \rightarrow \forall$ 项必有 0.

9. $M_{31} + 4A_{32} + 9M_{33} - 16M_{34} = A_{31} + 4A_{32} + 9A_{33} + 16A_{34}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 \\ 1 & 16 & 81 & 256 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 8 & 15 \\ 0 & 15 & 80 & 255 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 50 & 210 \end{vmatrix}$$

非范德蒙. 用行变换.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 \\ 1 & 8 & 27 & 64 \\ 1 & 16 & 81 & 256 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2-R_1, R_3-R_1, R_4-R_1, R_5-R_1} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 8 & 15 \\ 0 & 7 & 26 & 63 \\ 0 & 15 & 80 & 255 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{1} \cdot \frac{((-1)(-2)(-3)/(-1))}{((-1)(-2)/(-1))}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \parallel \\ & 12 \\ & \parallel \\ & -120x^3 \\ & \parallel \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 50 & 210 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_4 - 25R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 2 & 6 & 60 \\ & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \times 150} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 150 & 30 & 180 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 - 150R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 150 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \div 150} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -5 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 + R_3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 + R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 + R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ & 0 & 0 & 60 \end{vmatrix} \dots$$